products are transferred from the vessel, to allow sampling the catch or observing the transfer, unless the observer specifically requests not to be notified.

- (7) Records. Allow observer(s) to inspect and copy any state or Federal logbook maintained voluntarily or as required by regulation.
- (8) Assistance. Provide all other reasonable assistance to enable observer(s) to carry out their duties, including, but not limited to:
- (i) Measuring decks, codends, and holding bins.
- (ii) Providing the observer(s) with a safe work area.
- (iii) Collecting bycatch when requested by the observer(s).
- (iv) Collecting and carrying baskets of fish when requested by the observer(s).
- (v) Allowing the observer(s) to collect biological data and samples.
- (vi) Providing adequate space for storage of biological samples.
- (f) Sample station—(1) Observer sampling station. This paragraph contains the requirements for observer sampling stations. The vessel owner must provide an observer sampling station that complies with this section so that the observer can carry out required duties.
- (i) Accessibility. The observer sampling station must be available to the observer at all times.
- (ii) Location. The observer sampling station must be located within 4 m of the location from which the observer samples unsorted catch. Unobstructed passage must be provided between the observer sampling station and the location where the observer collects sample catch.

[75 FR 60897, Oct. 1, 2010, as amended at 77 FR 55158, Sept. 7, 2012]

## § 660.319 Open access fishery gear identification and marking.

- (a) Gear identification. (1) Open access fixed gear (longline, trap or pot, set net and stationary hook-and-line gear, including commercial vertical hook-and-line gear) must be marked at the surface and at each terminal end, with a pole, flag, light, radar reflector, and a buoy.
- (2) Open access commercial vertical hook-and-line gear that is closely tend-

ed as defined at §660.311 of this subpart, may be marked only with a single buoy of sufficient size to float the gear.

- (3) A buoy used to mark fixed gear under paragraph (a)(1) or (a)(2) of this section must be marked with a number clearly identifying the owner or operator of the vessel. The number may be either:
- (i) If required by applicable state law, the vessel's number, the commercial fishing license number, or buoy brand number; or
- (ii) The vessel documentation number issued by the USCG, or, for an undocumented vessel, the vessel registration number issued by the state.
  - (b) [Reserved]

## § 660.320 Open access fishery—crossover provisions.

The crossover provisions listed at §660.60(h)(7), apply to vessels fishing in the open access fishery.

 $[76 \; \mathrm{FR} \; 74747, \; \mathrm{Dec.} \; 1, \; 2011]$ 

## § 660.330 Open access fishery—management measures.

(a) General. Groundfish species taken in open access fisheries will be managed with cumulative trip limits (see trip limits in Tables 3 (North) and 3 (South) of this subpart), size limits (see 660.60(h)(5)), seasons (see seasons in Tables 3 (North) and 3 (South) of this subpart), gear restrictions (see paragraph (b) of this section), and closed areas (see paragraph (d) of this section and §§ 660.70 through 660.79). Unless otherwise specified, a vessel operating in the open access fishery is subject to, and must not exceed any trip limit, frequency limit, and/or size limit for the open access fishery. Cowcod retention is prohibited in all fisheries and groundfish vessels operating south of Point Conception must adhere to CCA restrictions (see paragraph (d)(11) of this section and §660.70). Retention of yelloweye rockfish and canary rockfish is prohibited in all open access fisheries. For information on the open access daily/weekly trip limit fishery for sablefish, see §660.332 of this subpart and the trip limits in Tables 3 (North) and 3 (South) of this subpart. Open access vessels are subject to daily or weekly sablefish limits in addition to cumulative limits for each cumulative